

VOL. X, NO. 30

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 6, 1904.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS

A Modern Cincinnatus

REPRESENTATIVE OF D. C. BAD-GER-A MAN OF THE PEOPLE.

A Champion of the Rights of the Whole People and Not a Part-From a Country School Teacher to a Judge and Then to Congress-An Interesting career-An Incident of Mixed Schools in the Western Reserve-Gleanings.

One of the most interesting members of Congress, especially among the new members, is Representative De-Witt C. Badger, who was elected to represent the Columbus, Ohio, district in this Congress. Judge Badger, as he is best knon at home, from the fact that prior to his election he had served several terms as Judge of the Common Pleas Court, is a royal good fellow. His attitude on the color question is so at variance with supposed Democratic ideas that one would naturally suppose that Judge Badger was a Republican, but he is not, on the contrary he is a Democrat. The district in Ohio which Judge Badger represents is overwhelmingly Republican, but so popular was Judge Badger with all classes of citizens that he led the Republican candidate, who by the way was one of the brightest men in his party, by fully a thousand votes. Judge Badger is one of those plain every-day sort of men. Has a pleasant word for any one, and is just as contented in the compny of a colored man as he would be in the company of the President. With him, it can be said, a man's a man, black or white. Prior to moving to Columbus, Ohio, Judge Badger was a resident of London, Ohio, just about 25 miles southwest of prejudice. Committees of white men | for office he has received many colsend his children to his school. His reply was that I have been hired to teach this school, and if you send your children here they will receive the same treatment as any other children. They were admitted by Mr. Badger. fuss among the whites, owing to race | Every time Judge Badger has run

MEN OF THE HOUR.



HON. DEWITT C. BADGER,

Columbus, Ohio.

Columbus. In that city he gained called upon Mr. Badger and insisted ored votes, and when he ran for Conofficial prominence. Prior to begin- that he must not admit colored child- gress it is said that he received the ning the practice of law, he was a ren, and if he persisted in it they (the biggest colored vote ever given to a country school teacher—all great men whites) would withdraw their chil- Democrat in Ohio. The colored man begin as school teachers. While a dren from the school. Judge Badger has no better friend than Judge Badteacher, it is said, a colored man came replied, and stuck to it, that he was ger, the Democratic Congressman from to him and asked him if he might hired to teach that school, that the colored children should be admitted, and that he' would continue to teach even if every white child was withdrawn and he had only the colored' children as pupils. His firmness won, and in time the unchristian and un-Their admittance caused a tremendous reasonable prejudice suffered defeat.

Ohio, and should there be any legislation in Congress affecting our race Judge Badger can be relied upon to vote in the interest of the race. Judge Badger is well supplied with this world's goods, but no one would suspect it by his manner of living and

(Continued on page 4.)

Organized to Help the Colored Race.

Alfred B. Cosey Explains Objects of the Afro-American Council.

TO WIPE AWAY ALL PREJUDICE.

Mr. Alfred B. Cosey, national organizer of the Afro-American Council, made an address last night on "The Afro-American Council and Its Objects," before the Baptist Ministers' Council of New Jersey, at the Bethany Baptist church, Newark. He said in part:

"The National Afro-American Council was called into being by the necessity of the times. Its mission is to ameliorate, in so far as it can intelligently, wisely and practically do so, the deplorable conditions of our brothers in all parts of the United States, especially in the southern sec-

LIVING UNDER A SHADOW.

"The entire colored population of the South are living under the shadow of a condition which they did not create and from which they would gladly emerge, if encouraged by the loyal, conservative Afro-American of the North, East and West, who enjoy civil and political rights in common with other American citizens. It is the aim and ultimate purpose of the National Afro-American Council to incorporate all existing organizations as well as those that are yet to be organized into the body of its membership, without interfering with the constitution, rules or by-laws of any organization except to demand that said organization shall be strictly Republican and work in harmony with the national body, which declared in toto for Republican principles and the nomination and election of President Roosevelt.

FIGHT CONSERVATIVELY. "It is further the object of the Council to fight a battle of humanity, in a conservative, intelligent, firm and skillful manner, until public sentiment in all parts of our Republic will by common consent accord the Afro-American every right guaranteed any and all American citizens.

"With a firm determination on the

(Continued on Page 5).